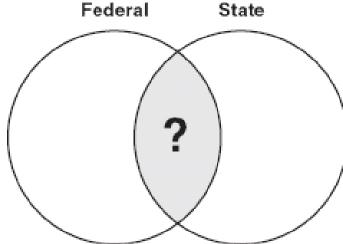
1 Which phrase best describes the shared power under the Articles of Confederation?



- A. Printing money
- B. Taxing citizens
- C. Making treaties
- D. Delivering mail

Master ID:	588918 Revision:	1
Correct:	А	
Standards:		
SOC.5.5 - U	3.3.1	

2 Who gained the power to enforce laws through the Articles of Confederation?

- A. the individual states
- B. the chief executive
- C. the legislative branch
- D. the federal courts

Master ID:	2937524 Revision:	1
Correct:	А	
Standards:		
SOC.5.5 - U3	3.3.1	

3 The United States government is a federal system, meaning that some powers are given to the national government, while all other powers are reserved for the individual states. Under the Articles of Confederation (1781), most powers were given to individual states and very few were given to the national government.

Which of the following was one of the powers given only to the national government?

- A. To make treaties with foreign countries.
- B. To raise money by taxing people.
- C. To settle legal disputes within each state.
- D. To develop and enforce laws.

Master ID:	588920 Revision:	1		
Correct:	А			
Standards:				
SOC.5.5 - U	3.3.1			

- 4 What was the original purpose of the Constitutional Convention?
- A. To make laws to stop dissenters.
- B. To make a trade plan with Europe.
- C. To review the Articles of Confederation.
- D. To elect a leader of the Confederation.

Master ID:	588923 Revision:	1
Correct:	С	
Standards:		
SOC.5.5 - U	3.3.3	

5 The desire to create "a more perfect union" was more than just a way to make government more efficient, it was necessary for the very survival of an independent United States.

This quote refers to which of the following document?

- A. Mayflower Compact
- B. Articles of Confederation
- C. United States Constitution
- D. Declaration of Independence

Master ID:	2937526 Revision:	1	
Correct:	С		
Standards:			
SOC.5.5 -	U3.3.3		

- 6 The Constitution of the United States
- A. established the independence of the American colonies.
- B. recorded all laws passed by the Continental Congress.
- C. provided governments for the individual states.
- D. created the framework for a national government.

Master ID:	588925 Revision:	1
Correct:	D	
Standards:		
SOC.5.5 - U3.3.3		

Student Name:

Directions: Answer the following question(s).

- 7 Which statement is <u>NOT</u> true about the Three-Fifths compromise at the Constitutional Convention?
- A. The Northern states wanted enslaved people to count for tax purposes.
- B. The Southern states wanted enslaved people to count for representation.
- C. As a compromise, three-fifths of the total number of slaves would be counted for taxation and representation purposes.
- D. Delegates solved the issue about abolishing slavery in the new Constitution.

Master ID:	588926 Revision:	1
Correct:	D	
Standards:		
SOC.5.5 - U	3.3.4	

- 8 At the Constitutional Convention of 1787, the Great Compromise resolved the issue of
- A. representation.
- B. taxation.
- C. slavery.
- D. trade.

Master ID:	588927 Revision:	1		
Correct:	А			
Standards:				
SOC.5.5 - U	3.3.4			

- 9 What did the framers of the Constitution call the settlement which created two law making bodies?
- A. Great Compromise
- B. Bill of Rights
- C. House of Burgess
- D. Constitution

Master ID:	588928 Revision:	1
Correct:	А	
Standards:		
SOC.5.5 - U3.3.4		

- 10 The framers of the Constitution separated and limited the power within the U.S. government because they wanted:
- A. more power for themselves.
- B. no one to have all the power.
- C. to be sure everyone was happy.
- D. the states to hold some power.

Master ID:	588929 Revision:	1		
Correct:	В			
Standards:				
SOC.5.5 - U	3.3.5			

11 The United States Constitution corrected a weakness of the Articles of Confederation by

- A. creating three branches of government.
- B. giving greater power to state governments.
- C. providing a clear definition of states' rights.
- D. granting the right to vote to all white males.

Master ID:	588930 Revision:	1
Correct:	А	
Standards:		
SOC.5.5 - U	3.3.5	

12 Use chart to answer question.

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH	EXECUTIVE BRANCH	JUDICIAL BRANCH
Congress	President	Supreme Court and Other Federal Courts
Passes lawsPasses taxesApproves treaties	 Enforces laws Is commander-in-chief of the armed forces Appoints government leaders 	• Makes decisions concerning laws
Declares war	• Makes treaties	

Why did our country's founding fathers create a government with three branches?

- A. To make the United States more like the English government.
- B. To make sure that governing powers are limited.
- C. To make sure one branch would always be more important.
- D. To create more jobs for the people in government.

Master ID:	588931 Revision:	1	
Correct:	В		
Standards:			
SOC.5.5 - U3.3.5			

- 13 What are the first ten amendments to the United States constitution called?
- A. Preamble
- B. Bill of Rights
- C. Articles of Confederation
- D. Declaration of Independence

Master ID:	2937529 Revision:	1		
Correct:	В			
Standards:				
SOC.5.5 - U3.3.7				

14 The Third Amendment in the Constitution ensures which right?

- A. Right to free speech.
- B. A warrant must be issued for property search and seizure.
- C. Right to keep weapons.
- D. Citizens cannot be forced to house soldiers.

Master ID:	588934 Revision:	1
Correct:	D	
Standards:		
SOC.5.5 - U3.3.8		

15 Which of the following is one way that the first amendment protects individual rights?

- A. guaranteeing a trial by jury
- B. allowing ownership of guns
- C. securing freedom of religion
- D. requiring rules for police searches

Master ID:	2937530 Revision:	1
Correct:	С	
Standards:		
SOC.5.5 - U	3.3.8	

- 16 Your city government has decided to close a park. Some people stand at the park to protest the closing. Which two rights from the First Amendment are they using?
- A. Freedom of speech and freedom to assemble peaceably
- B. Freedom of religion and freedom to assemble peaceably
- C. Freedom of speech and freedom of the press
- D. Freedom of speech and freedom of religion

Master ID:	588935 Revision:	1
Correct:	А	
Standards:		
SOC.5.5 - U3.3.8		

- 17 The framers of the Constitution took great care to give rights to the federal and state governments. What is the concept called?
- A. Checks and balances
- B. Federalism
- C. Separation of powers
- D. Reserved powers

Master ID:	588936 Revision:	1
Correct:	В	
Standards:		
SOC.5.5 - U3.3.6		

18 **DIRECTIONS:** You will be asked to take a position on the public policy issue: "Should Michigan adopt the Kirtland's Warbler as the state bird?"

Choose information from the following Data Section and use it with what you know to support your position.

A NEW STATE BIRD

The robin is the state bird of Michigan, but there are people in Michigan who want to name the Kirtland's Warbler as the state bird. While the robin is common to many parts of the United States, the Kirtland's Warbler lives only in Michigan and flies to the Bahamas in the winter months.

DATA SECTION

The table below compares the robin, the current Michigan state bird, and the Kirtland's Warbler

Robin	Kirtland's Warbler
 State bird of three states 	 Unique to Michigan
 Seen in all of the state's counties 	 Seen in many of the state's counties
 Limited economic value 	 Encourages tourism
 Not an endangered bird 	 An endangered bird
 Recognized by most people 	 Unfamiliar to most people

Taking a Position

You will now take a stand on the public policy issue: "Should Michigan adopt the Kirtland's Warbler as the state bird?"

You may either support or oppose the state's proposal to adopt the Kirtland's Warbler as the state bird. Write a letter to your state representative explaining your position on the issue.

Write your answer in the space below.

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 1

 Rubric:
 4 Point(s)
 1

 Standards:
 SOC.5.5 - P3.3.1
 1